

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1886

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NUMBER 264

There are 421 students in the state university. This includes all classes.

Any member of congress who will not protect the treasury this session, will get uncomfortably near the political buzz-saw.

The library connected with the state historical society contains 113,157 books and pamphlets, being an increase during the past year of 4,053.

Some democratic papers are urging the president to write no more letters, especially like the one to Keppeler, of Paek. It hurts democratic editors to be accused by their friends of lying.

Jim Keene is now paying the cost of reckless speculation and wilful extravagance. Five years ago, he was a millionaire. Today he is absolutely without income, and depends upon his wife for support.

The largest pension ever issued to a private soldier has been issued to Alexander Gilestier, of Pennsylvania. His back pay aggregated \$2,151 and the money came to a blind, decrepit old man, who has been an inmate of the poor house for twelve years.

It has been suggested that the way to compel congressmen to vote for the suspension of silver coinage is to force them to take silver dollar for their salaries. Of course there would be a howl, but then it would be interesting to see this simple experiment tried.

The house of representatives should go to work earnestly and see how many bills it can bill, and not how many it can pass between now and adjournment next summer. There are very few bills before congress which should pass. There are thousands that should be killed, and that instantly.

Senator Hoar's bill, fixing the time for the meeting of congress in 1886 and every second year thereafter on the first Monday in October, would materially lengthen the short sessions. It is not probable that the bill will become a law. The treasury and the people would be benefited by biennial sessions of congress, but congressmen wouldn't.

Mr. Edmunds rarely ever indulges in humor when he addresses the senate. His nature is too cold for that; but on Friday when he began his speech on the Utah bill he looked about him and finding comparatively few republicans in their seats, he said: "As hardly any of the friends of human liberty are in the senate, I will address myself to the 'reform' men."

The president is said to feel hurt because his recent letter on the subject of newspaper discussion was made public. The letter, it is alleged, was meant to be strictly confidential. Because it was "strictly confidential," is no doubt the reason it was published. Colonel Vilas's offensive partisan circular last July, was "confidential" and that sustained and widened its publication.

South Carolina has increased her manufactured products in the last five years from \$17,000,000 to over \$38,000,000; her agricultural machinery from \$3,000,000 to \$4,500,000; her agricultural products from \$42,000,000 to \$59,500,000, and her stock from \$12,000,000 to \$21,000,000. And some southern states have done even better than South Carolina. Under the inspiring influences of freedom, secured by republican principles and republican votes, the south has indeed made marvelous strides in industrial growth. Never under the many years of slave rule, did the south reach the advancement which it has made during the last decade.

The outlook for the free traders in congress is not very hopeful. The republican minority in the present congress has been increased 20 over the last congress, and the democratic majority has been decreased some 15. With this change in the political complexion of the house, not even another horizontal bill will stand a ghost of a show to pass that body. Randall still has his democratic brigade of forty to follow him in a charge on any force that will attempt to overthrow the American system of protection. These with the republican forces in congress will defeat any important meddling with the present tariff laws. The buzz-saw is in motion, and they who attempt to interfere with protection will come in contact with it, and in that event it will be unfortunate for the meddlers with the tariff.

A dispatch from Madison to the Milwaukee Sentinel says that Insurance Commissioner Spooner has commenced suit against the following insurance companies: Fargo insurance company, of Dakota; Anglo-American, of Washington; Colonial, of New Orleans; National Mutual, of Kansas; Germania, of New Orleans. These suits are brought to force the companies to pay penalties for violation of the state insurance law. The penalty is \$500 per month in which business is done in Wisconsin without license. Suits will soon be commenced against forty other companies, as rapidly as the commissioner is able to secure the service of subpoenas on agents. It is expected that the penalties will aggregate nearly \$200,000 when all the illicit companies are brought to time.

Senator McPherson's speech on the silver question, re-buzzing the New York Herald editors about the suffering of the laboring man in consequence of cheap dollars is all nonsense—the most indifferent nonsense. The country could change to an eighty-cent dollar and back to a hundred-cent dollar twice a week with little or no effort on any man, who neither owes a debt nor has one owing him.—Madison Democrat.

There is a good deal of demagogism about the bawdiness plan of the gold men, that the silver dollar is a cheat and

a fraud to the laboring man of the country. There never was a time when a silver dollar would buy more than it will today. So far as the laboring man is concerned, he is entirely out of the reach of wintery question influences may result from a foundation of silver dollars from the mints of the United States. If the present silver policy of the country demoralizes business, unsettles values, or results badly between the debtor and creditor classes, the discussion of the question of silver should be confined to those points. But to attempt to make the people believe that the laboring man is suffering because the government is coining two millions of silver dollars a month, is nonsense. The question of silver coinage should be discussed from the most vital stand-point, and not from the point taken by Senator McPherson.

TWO BAGS OF "BOODLE."

SOME OF THE BANK THIEF M'NEIL'S PLUNDER RECOVERED.

Two Grippeaks That Will Make the Lancaster People Feel Better—One Hundred Thousand Dollars in an Old Wash Boiler.

Boston, Jan. 9.—The recovery in Timonah, Vt., of the plunder of the Lancaster National bank of Clinton furnishes the sensation of the day. Officers Dyson and Eyster, of the district police, on arrival at Clinton Friday with the precious grippeaks, unobserved themselves to the reporters. Voo, it seems, made a clean breast of the robbery on Wednesday afternoon, and gave the officers a letter which was addressed to Z. L. Barnum, of West Rutland, Vt., who is bookkeeper for the West Rutland Marble company, in which he ordered Barnum to deliver to them packages which Voo placed in Barnum's possession. When the officers arrived at the quarry Thursday and informed Barnum of their mission he was overjoyed. He told them that just week, Thursday, Drew, Voo, and Dr. E. N. Nelson, the president of the marble company, drove up to the office, having two grippeaks, which Voo asked him to take possession of and put in a safe. He told Voo he had no safe place and suggested the bank or the firm's safe, but Nelson told him that he didn't want them there, but did want them put where no one knew where they were. He said that he again refused; that then both Voo and Nelson told him that the bags or their contents had nothing whatever to do with the Lancaster bank, and that upon that representation he agreed to take charge of the two grippeaks. Barnum then got a team and drove to Timonah, Rutland county, eighteen miles from Rutland, to a farm where his cousin—Mr. Clark—lived, and where Barnum was brought up. When he got there he didn't tell the Clarks what he had, but concealed the property in an old wash boiler, which he crowded into a crevice between two rocks in a lonely mountain pasture.

The arrest of Voo set Barnum thinking, and after talking the matter over with his wife he says he determined to inform the bank of what he knew. Before he had time, however, to carry out his intention the officers put in an appearance at the office Thursday morning, where they found him surrounded by the concern's creditors. When he found out who his visitors were he hastily fled with them to the grave of the grippeaks. There were two bags—one a large one, made of alligator skin and hand-sewed, containing interest-bearing bonds of the West Rutland Marble company to the tune of \$24,100. There was also in it a large amount of bonds of the Leno Cattle company and of the Wyoming Meat company, all wet and stuck together. Then there was a large envelope filled with plans and organ files, given as security by some debtor in those instruments for money borrowed of the bank. McNeil's private letters, his pocketbook, a bottle of bromide of potassium, a lot of checks and papers, and last, but not least, his last will and testament. The small leather bag contained over \$15,000 done up in packages of \$2,000, \$1,500, \$1,000, \$500. From two of the packages there had evidently been extracted a few bills. These packages were done up in a newspaper, and around that was a manila paper which had been passed through the mail, as the canceled stamps show. It is thought that the value of the recovered property is \$100,000.

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Mormonism, which is simply a cover for licentiousness, has received a severe blow by the passage in the senate of Mr. Edmunds's bill. It had been discussed several days and while the senators generally agreed that something ought to be done with the Mormon inquiry, there was a disposition on the part of some to tone down, as it were, the bill under which, should it become a law, Mormonism could not exist especially as an organization to contribute to the lusts of the church leaders. But to make the law effective it must be severe, and that part of the bill relative to the disfranchisement of women, while it may seem harsh, is an important matter, and in justice to the movement to rid the country of the disgrace of tolerating crime under the cover of Christianity, it could not be stricken from the bill.

After considerable discussion the bill passed by a vote of 38 to 7. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, explained his vote against the bill by saying that he opposed that part regarding the disfranchising women, but even with that section in, he would have voted for the bill and his vote being necessary to its passage.

The general provisions of the bill are that every marriage ceremony in the territories shall be certified in writing, the certificate to be signed by each of the parties and by the officer or priest performing the ceremony, such certificates to be prima facie evidence of the facts when produced in court (failure to furnish the certificate is made punishable by a fine and imprisonment); that all records of marriages kept by officiating functionaries shall be subject to inspection by United States officials, and refusal to permit this is punishable by fine and imprisonment; that it shall not be lawful for any female to vote at any election hereafter held in the territory of Utah for any public purpose whatever; that the laws of Utah recognizing the capacity of illegitimate children to inherit a father's property are disapproved and annulled, and no illegitimate child born subsequent to the passage of the act shall be entitled to any share in the inheritance; that all laws of Utah which provide that prosecution for adultery can only be commenced on complaint of the husband and wife are annulled; that the acts of the Utah legislature, recognizing the corporation known as the Church of Jesus Christ, or Latter Day Saints, and the ordinances of the so called general assembly of the state of Deseret incorporating this body, are annulled so far as they may preclude the appointment by the president of fourteen trustees of the corporation who shall have all the powers provided for in the laws creating the corporation.

It also provides that all laws of the territory relating to the Perpetual Emigration Fund company are nullified, and it shall not be lawful for the territorial assembly to create any corporation or association for the purpose of bringing persons into the territory for any purpose whatever; that it shall be the duty of the attorney general to bring suit to dissolve the corporation and wind up its affairs. The existing election districts are abolished, and the governor, secretary and United States judges in the territory are ordered to redistrict the territory at once so as to secure an equal representation of the people. Adultery is made punishable by imprisonment for not more than three years, and in case of fornication by an unmarried man or woman each is to be punished by not more than six months' imprisonment, or \$100 fine. Commissioners appointed by the supreme court and district courts in Utah are given all the power of justices of the peace, and the marshal of the territory and deputies are given all the powers possessed by sheriffs and deputies as peace officers.

The disfranchisement of women may seem like an unnecessarily severe feature of the proposed law, but it will appear otherwise when it is understood that as a rule, the Mormon women of Utah are as strongly in favor of polygamy as men, and experience has shown that whenever they exercised the right of suffrage they used the ballot to further the advancement of the worst feature of Mormonism. This may seem strange, and strange it is, but it is nevertheless true, and because of its truth Mr. Edmunds incorporated in the bill that part relative to the disfranchisement of women.

The bill will not doubt be concurred in by the house, and when it becomes a law the Mormon inquiry will no longer defy congress and shock the moral sentiment of the country.

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He Decides That Miners Should Have Sixty Cents a Ton.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Judge Allen G. Thurman, who was selected as umpire by the miners and coal operators of Ohio to make a final decision in their long arbitration as to what price should be paid for mining during the next year, has submitted his decision. After stating that he has given the subject careful consideration he goes on: The question under consideration is thus stated in the letter of Messrs. McBride & Morrick: "The question, as we understand it, being: Can the operators of the two districts pay the advance asked and compete with other districts?" The form of this question seems plainly to imply that the wage demanded by the miners is not unreasonable, if the operators can pay it and compete with other districts. If they can do so, then it seems to be admitted that it ought to be paid. Now, considering the facts stated in the testimony, the amount of coal annually mined and the length of time that the trade has been carried on, it seems to me to be fairly reasonable that the business must have been on the whole a profitable one. Referring to the wages now and hereafter paid for mining in these and other districts, I can not say an advance of 10 cents per ton in miners' wages would necessarily deprive the operator of reasonable profits, much less put an end to his business. In short, I think that the miners' demand of the two districts will be retained even if the price of mining be advanced to 60 cents, and that such an advance would still leave to the operators reasonable profits. My decision, therefore, is that the operators of the two districts can pay the advance asked, viz., 60 cents per ton, and compete with the other districts. Respectfully submitted.

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Howe's Sales, Trucks, Coffee Mills.

Car-Stirrers, Harrison Conveyor Road Scrapers, Catalogues of Borden, Seltzer & Co., Chicago, Ill.

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Car-Stirrers, Harrison Conveyor Road Scrapers, Catalogues of Borden, Seltzer & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Far glories at Holmes & Sells.

There is a good deal of demagogism about the bawdiness plan of the gold men, that the silver dollar is a cheat and

TWO BAGS OF "BOODLE."

SOME OF THE BANK THIEF M'NEIL'S PLUNDER RECOVERED.

Two Grippeaks That Will Make the Lancaster People Feel Better—One Hundred Thousand Dollars in an Old Wash Boiler.

Boston, Jan. 9.—The recovery in Timonah, Vt., of the plunder of the Lancaster National bank of Clinton furnishes the sensation of the day. Officers Dyson and Eyster, of the district police, on arrival at Clinton Friday with the precious grippeaks, unobserved themselves to the reporters. Voo, it seems, made a clean breast of the robbery on Wednesday afternoon, and gave the officers a letter which was addressed to Z. L. Barnum, of West Rutland, Vt., who is bookkeeper for the West Rutland Marble company, in which he ordered Barnum to deliver to them packages which Voo placed in Barnum's possession. When the officers arrived at the quarry Thursday and informed Barnum of their mission he was overjoyed. He told them that just week, Thursday, Drew, Voo, and Dr. E. N. Nelson, the president of the marble company, drove up to the office, having two grippeaks, which Voo asked him to take possession of and put in a safe. He told Voo he had no safe place and suggested the bank or the firm's safe, but Nelson told him that he didn't want them there, but did want them put where no one knew where they were. He said that he again refused; that then both Voo and Nelson told him that the bags or their contents had nothing whatever to do with the Lancaster bank, and that upon that representation he agreed to take charge of the two grippeaks. Barnum then got a team and drove to Timonah, Rutland county, eighteen miles from Rutland, to a farm where his cousin—Mr. Clark—lived, and where Barnum was brought up. When he got there he didn't tell the Clarks what he had, but concealed the property in an old wash boiler, which he crowded into a crevice between two rocks in a lonely mountain pasture.

The arrest of Voo set Barnum thinking, and after talking the matter over with his wife he says he determined to inform the bank of what he knew. Before he had time, however, to carry out his intention the officers put in an appearance at the office Thursday morning, where they found him surrounded by the concern's creditors. When he found out who his visitors were he hastily fled with them to the grave of the grippeaks. There were two bags—one a large one, made of alligator skin and hand-sewed, containing interest-bearing bonds of the West Rutland Marble company to the tune of \$24,100. There was also in it a large amount of bonds of the Leno Cattle company and of the Wyoming Meat company, all wet and stuck together. Then there was a large envelope filled with plans and organ files, given as security by some debtor in those instruments for money borrowed of the bank. McNeil's private letters, his pocketbook, a bottle of bromide of potassium, a lot of checks and papers, and last, but not least, his last will and testament. The small leather bag contained over \$15,000 done up in packages of \$2,000, \$1,500, \$1,000, \$500. From two of the packages there had evidently been extracted a few bills. These packages were done up in a newspaper, and around that was a manila paper which had been passed through the mail, as the canceled stamps show. It is thought that the value of the recovered property is \$100,000.

Nelson, president of the Marble company has been arrested also, as he is believed to have incited McNeil to plunder the bank. He has been a dentist in Lowell, but of late entered the marble business in Rutland. He was last married into a highly-respected Boston family. The whereabouts of President McNeil are unknown. Dr. Nelson said last week when the defection became known that he had no doubt that he had killed himself. It is, however, the general belief that he is safe at his old home in Canada, whence he came just before the war.

THE DOOM OF THE SAINTS.

Mormonism, which is simply a cover for licentiousness, has received a severe blow by the passage in the senate of Mr. Edmunds's bill. It had been discussed several days and while the senators generally agreed that something ought to be done with the Mormon inquiry, there was a disposition on the part of some to tone down, as it were, the bill under which, should it become a law, Mormonism could not exist especially as an organization to contribute to the lusts of the church leaders. But to make the law effective it must be severe, and that part of the bill relative to the disfranchisement of women, while it may seem harsh, is an important matter, and in justice to the movement to rid the country of the disgrace of tolerating crime under the cover of Christianity, it could not be stricken from the bill.

After considerable discussion the bill passed by a vote of 38 to 7. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, explained his vote against the bill by saying that he opposed that part regarding the disfranchising women, but even with that section in, he would have voted for the bill and his vote being necessary to its passage.

The general provisions of the bill are that every marriage ceremony in the territories shall be certified in writing, the certificate to be signed by each of the parties and by the officer or priest performing the ceremony, such certificates to be prima facie evidence of the facts when produced in court (failure to furnish the certificate is made punishable by a fine and imprisonment); that all records of marriages kept by officiating functionaries shall be subject to inspection by United States officials, and refusal to permit this is punishable by fine and imprisonment; that it shall not be

Try "Cream" flour.

VANKIRK BROS.

Our stock of overcoats for men, youths and boys is immense—more to come—Quick sales, small profits and new goods coming every day. That's the way, we make it pay. PRITCHER & ZEIGLER.

Whoever hath money to invest in city property should strike before the cyclone of prosperity brings to us water works, a street railroad, the "Evansville cut off," and a certain advance in values. Investigate the choice bargains now offered by C. E. BOWLES.

Given Away.

Commencing Saturday, January 9th, for one week, we will present to each purchaser of our *purest and finest*, an elegant chromo entitled "Ocean Gems." The CHINA TEA CO.

Anyone intending to purchase an overcoat, either ready made or made to order, will consult their own interest by looking at the elegant stock of PITCHER & ZEIGLER. They can please any taste and fit any pocket book.

A full and complete line of all styles and sizes of sample corsets at regular wholesale prices at Archie Reid's.

Vincent's and Pelonot's notes on International Sunday School lessons for the year 1886, at Sutherland's book store.

Try "Cream" flour.

VANKIRK BROS.

Be sure and see the Garland stove before buying any other.

MUTUAL & GOWNEY.

To arrive next week, a torso of the celebrated "Pine Apple brand of hams," from Cincinnati. This ham is equal to the Westphalia.

J. A. DENNISTON.

Deeds, mortgages, contracts, leases, and all other papers pertaining to real estate transactions, accurately drawn and for reasonable fees.

C. E. BOWLES.

Disinfection.

The firm of Dimock & Hayner is this day dissolved. Mr. E. L. Dimock retiring from the firm. The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, next door east of the Rock County National Bank.

STANLEY HAYNER.

Now that the holidays are over Archie Reid will give greater value than ever on cloaks.

Samples in hosiery, samples in underwear, samples in silk and linen handkerchiefs, samples in towels and stamped linen goods, samples of all kinds of notions, at less than wholesale value, at Archie Reid's.

Secure your diaries early at Sutherland's.

The does line of plush cloaks in the city, at prices which defy competition, at Archie Reid's.

For Sale—On easy terms, the best 217 acre openings farm in Rock County.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

Elegant toilet sets at Eldredge's.

WANTED—By a reliable young man attending school—a place to work out of school hours and Saturdays, for his board. Address P. O. Box 665.

For a clean, comfortable, refreshing bath or good hair cut, go to Anderson's barber shop, north Main street.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan. Parties in want of water can be supplied by leaving orders at the Gazette office, or No. 2 engine house, by telephone or otherwise.

Holiday goods and playing cards at Eldredge's.

Look Here. I have for sale a hotel range and refrigerator, which I offer at a great bargain; must be sold immediately. Call at Metcalf & Gowley's.

JOHN BROWDER.

Call at Sutherland's and see the blankets they are offering in double blankets. They also have a few good coat stoves left, which they would like to exchange for cash.

For a fine selection of pantaloons sold at prices that defy competition, go to W. C. Holmes & Son.

For fine frames call at Sutherland's book store.

New folding work tables, hard wood \$1.00 up; new work baskets, at Wheeler's.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan.

Use the J. J. B. malt yeast.

All kinds of barbers, blankets and lap robes, at James A. Fathens.

Without doubt the best pleased lot of people in Rock county are the patrons of PITCHER & ZEIGLER, the sleepless clothiers. The best goods possible for the money in the motto. All goods sold on their merit. Come in and see how it is your self. PITCHER & ZEIGLER.

Prism hanging lamps worth \$6.00 \$3.50 at Wheeler's.

WANTED—Every man and boy in Rock county to know what a fine stock of clothing we keep. To see our goods means to buy some, therefore come and see them. Will be pleased to show you whether you want to buy or not.

PITCHER & ZEIGLER.

For SALE CHEAP—A second hand horizontal boiler.

Sample cloaks at one-half their value at Archie Reid's.

20 dollars buys a fine tailor made fur beaver overcoat, satin sleeve lined, cord edge, a gentleman's coat in every way. Would cost 35 to 40 dollars made to order. Come in and see them. If you need one you might have a friend wanting one.

PITCHER & ZEIGLER.

For silk umbrellas, fine neckwear, seal caps call on Holmes & Son, hatters and fur furnishers.

Wolf, Buffalo and goat robes, at James A. Fathens, corner Court and Main streets.

Cuff buttons and scarf pins at Holmes & Son's.

Sets His Cap and Caught the Dog.

The tear falls gently from her eyes as they are parting at the door; Her bosom heaves with many a sigh; She thinks she'll never see him more.

His bow is dark, and in his eyes A wild and angry light appears; He does not heed the maiden's sighs, He does not heed the maiden's tears.

For while to-night they bled and wept, From even of clock till half past ten— While he the maiden's hand held fast— And kissed her ripe red lips—and then.

How little did you, dear mischance! How quickly went up round us spring! Chased up his new and glossy cap Of fur into a shapeless thing.

—Dorothy Courter.

Brevets.

—Take in the polo game to-night and have 100 laughs in thirty minutes.

—There will be no services at the Congregational church this evening.

—The "K P's" and their families enjoyed a pleasant time at Castle hall last evening.

—The sale of reserved seats for the "Polar Match" will commence Monday morning at Prentice & Evenson.

—Social reunion of the members of the Grand Army of the Republic and their families at post headquarters this evening.

—Beloit has organized a loan men's polo club and will challenge the winners of the great Blue and Brown game to-night.

—Polo has no charms for Frank L. Smith at the present time, as he is the proud father of a fine baby girl, which appeared at his home last night.

—Passenger and freight trains are arriving and departing on time to-day, all the roads being open, and no blockade reported on the different divisions centering in this city.

—The Janesville Concordia society will give another one of their social public dancing parties at their hall on Tuesday evening, January 12th. Good music will be in attendance. Tickets 50 cents.

—The early closing movement has been inaugurated, and most of the grocers have agreed to close their stores at eight o'clock. Other places of business will undoubtedly follow, much to the joy of clerks.

—The stormy January night will be remembered in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Galbraith, of the second ward, as the birthday of a little boy, who came to gladden their hearts at a late hour last evening.

—The Fond du Lac, who claim to be the second if not the first team in the state polo league, play our boys for the first time Tuesday night. Both teams will do their level best. Capt. Sperry will play first rusher as usual.

—The Blues and Browns put in two hours practicing last night and most of this forenoon. They should change their way of falling so that they will land on their back instead of their stomachs. It excites sympathy to see a man fall and rub all his vest buttons.

—The Evansville Review publishes a list of improvements for that village for the year 1886, footing up a grand total of \$69,000. Among the list of new buildings we notice that of J. E. Colman, \$22,000; William Smith, \$11,000 and several others at \$2,500, \$2,000, \$1,500 and \$1,000.

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Guards for January, a number of new members were admitted, and several subjects of importance were discussed. It was decided to give a grand masquerade ball sometime just before Lent. The annual masquerade will not be held until after Easter.

—The annual masquerade given by the Janesville Pleasure club was well attended last evening at the Guards' armory and there was much amusement and considerable merriment when the disguises were thrown aside to see how clever some of the "knowing ones" had been deceived.

—The severe storm last evening prevented a large attendance at the revival meetings, but some two hundred were present, and the services were impressive and interesting. Mr. Harrison will close his labors on Monday night, and commence his work in Springfield, Ill., the following evening.

—The Forest and Stream Publishing Company announce the third and enlarged edition of W. P. Stephens' "Canoe and Boat Building" with added plans of skiffs and new types of canoes. The large sales of this work indicate the growing popularity of cruising on American waters.

—The wind and storm combined made riding very uncomfortable this morning. A number of persons who started this morning to attend the funeral of John O'Brien, at Knoxville, were forced to turn back after going nearly half of the distance. One of the party had his face frozen and several had ears or fingers nipped.

—Mrs. Annie B. Stacy, of Iowa, will begin a series of bible readings and general religious services, in the Congregational church, on Tuesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. She will remain some two weeks, conducting meetings every night.

A cordial invitation is extended to all pastors, churches and the public to attend.

—In noticing the league polo game between the Oshkosh and Janesville teams at Oshkosh on Thursday evening, the Northwestern says:—"The play of the Janesville boys was excellent, as they covered every point, displayed activity, and hit with accuracy and vigor. The boys of the team are also gentlemanly in their conduct, and showed none of the kicking propensities which rival clubs have attributed to them."

—Beloit Free Press:—"The total amount of county relief furnished during the year 1885 to the poor of Beloit was \$1308.35—less than one half that furnished in 1884. The causes of this marked decrease are the great improvement in the general business of the city last year over the year previous, which followed close after the business misfortunes that befell some of our manufacturing enterprises, and the removal from our midst of quite a number who were largely dependent upon the county poor fund for maintenance."

—"We are seven," joyfully sang the leader of a collection of tramps, as Sheriff Hawthorn ushered them into Judge

Fatten's reception room at the court

house this afternoon. The music didn't last long, however. The dispenser of justice made ready for battle, and just as the last echoes died away each of the pleasure seekers were headed for the jail with a ticket entitling them to three days' rations of bread and water in his possession. It was the storm drove them in, but the county know shoehorns need coppers, so this cloud, like all others, has a silver lining.

—Yesterday afternoon at two o'clock the soul of Michael Doran, one of Footville's old residents, took its flight from the afflictions of this life. The deceased had been a sufferer for two years from an affection of the stomach, but it was not expected that his death would occur so soon. A family of five children besides his wife are left to mourn this overwhelming loss. Mr. Doran was at the time of his death nearly sixty years old and was highly respected by all who knew him. The funeral will be held Monday morning at ten o'clock from the Fathensville church.

—A decree of divorce was granted today by Judge Bennett in the case of Lizette Griswold against Dr. Will Griswold. Both parties reside in Evansville and the ground for separation was failure to support. Burr Jones, Esq., of Madison, appeared for the plaintiff, the defendant not appearing. This afternoon the action of Augusta Johnson, of Edgerton, against J. H. Johnson, of Beloit, was again before the court. In this case a divorce is asked for on the ground of non-support. C. M. Scanlan appearing for the plaintiff and J. W. Sale and S. J. Todd, for the defendant. The point disagreed upon is the amount of alimony to be paid.

—On Tuesday evening, January 12th, the Rockford and Janesville Choral Union, under the leadership of that eminent director, L. A. Torrens, of Boston, will give in rendering the Oratorio of the Messiah, at Rockford. They will be assisted by a select orchestra of thirty-three instruments and the grand organ; and by some of the best vocal talent in Chicago. It will be a pronounced success as well as a grand musical treat.

Arrangements have been made to sell tickets for the round trip at \$1.05, and for a special train to return after the performance. Trains leave Janesville at 9:45 a. m., 12:30 p. m., and 6 p. m. This affords everyone an opportunity to attend a musical event seldom equaled in this locality.

—The firm of W. C. Holmes & Son, tailors, drapers and gents' furnishing goods, doing business at No. 1 West Milwaukee street, has been dissolved.

Mr. W. C. Holmes purchasing, the interests of his son, and will continue the business at the old stand. Mr. Holmes has been in business in this city since 1871, and has fairly earned the enviable reputation he now enjoys among a very large number of people, as a first class square dealer, and a capital fellow on general principles. As "boss cutter" and fashionable tailor Mr. Holmes stands at the head, and with the first class stock of clothes and gents' furnishing goods, with which his store is stocked, he will continue to receive the favor of the people. His son, Mr. James D. Holmes, has not yet decided upon the future, but intimates that he will "go west" and engage in business, similar to that he relinquishes in this city, and perhaps may locate at Omaha. He is a young man of excellent character, full of energy and ambition, and one possessing the necessary qualifications to gain and retain the confidence of the people. We wish him success.

—Miss Nellie Fitzgerald, of Beloit, is visiting Miss Maggie Drew, of the fourth ward.

—Mr. M. H. Sovorhill, who has been on a business trip to New York, returned home last evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Noyes entertained about thirty of their friends at progressive euchre last evening.

—Mr. Jonathan Maxfield, of Stockton, Portage county, this state, is in the city, visiting his sister, Mrs. M. Jones, North bluff street, second ward.

Knights of Honor.

The annual installation of the officers of Memorial Lodge, No. 318, will occur Monday evening January 11, at 7:30 o'clock at the office of Silas Hayner. Every member of the order who appreciates his insurance, will consult his interests by being present, as matters of vital importance pertaining to the future of the order will be discussed.

The best on earth can be truly said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure ring-better and all skin eruptions. It is the wonderful healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Druggists.

Tobacco Growers' Conference.

An interstate conference of representatives of the leaf tobacco growers' association was held yesterday at the Tenth house. The delegates present were: Charles J. Rhoads, Pennsylvania; E. N. Phelps, S. G. Hubbard, Connecticut; Sanford Soverhill, M. H. Sovorhill, Wisconsin; M. Tobin, J. W. Upson, E. F. Nichols, John J. Skinner, J. F. Greaves, W. S. Morse, J. C. Van Dusen and L. C. Kingsbury, New York.

The object of the conference was to agree upon proper duty on leaf tobacco to be recommended to congress, so that the American growers may have proper protection.

It is claimed that the present low duty has completely ruined the business in the New England states, New York, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, where the bulk of the leaf tobacco for the manufacture of cigars is grown, and caused the market to be overstocked with tobacco from the island of Sumatra.

At the afternoon session the conference agreed upon three propositions: First, to ask congress to levy a proper duty upon a whole bale of tobacco, not exceeding any prior tariff; second, to cut the duty on cutsmoked tobacco to be fixed at \$1.50, and stamped at \$2; third, that the standard of taxation shall be upon wrappers. The conference, after the transaction of some minor business, adjourned.—*Argyle*, (New York) Courier.

The Weather.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 3 degrees above zero. Cloudy, with a brisk west wind.

One o'clock p. m. the register was 11 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy, with west wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 32 and 28 degrees above zero.

UNDERGROUND INSURANCE.

Efforts of Insurance Commissioner Spooner to Compel a Compliance with State Laws.

A Large Amount of Underground Policies Held in This City.

When the announcement was made some days ago that Insurance Commissioner Spooner had commenced suit against several insurance companies who were evading the laws of the state, it naturally drew the attention of the state press, and already much has been said tending to show the extent of this kind of insurance in Wisconsin. Underground insurance is being done in nearly all the cities and villages in the state. The Oshkosh Northwestern, a few days ago, published this:

As has been announced heretofore, Insurance Commissioner Spooner has commenced suit against the insurance companies doing business in this state contrary to law. The companies are the Oakland Home of California, the Commercial of California, the New Orleans of Louisiana, the New York of New York, the Rockford of Illinois, the Chicago of Illinois, the Evansville of Indiana, the Janesville of Wisconsin, the Beloit of Wisconsin, the Watertown of New York, the Albany of New York, the Buffalo of New York, the Rochester of New York, the Syracuse of New York, the Utica of New York, the Oswego of New York, the Cortland of New York, the Seneca of New York, the Hamilton of New York, the Fulton of New York, the Montgomery of New York, the Delaware of New York, the Maryland of New York, the Virginia of New York, the North Carolina of New York, the South Carolina of New York, the Georgia of New York, the Florida of New York, the Alabama of New York, the Mississippi of New York, the Louisiana of New York, the Texas of New York, the Arkansas of New York, the Missouri of New York, the Illinois of New York, the Indiana of New York, the Ohio of New York, the Pennsylvania of New York, the New Jersey of New York, the New York of New York, the Connecticut of New York, the Rhode Island of New York, the Massachusetts of New York, the Vermont of New York, the New Hampshire of New York, the Maine of New York, the New Brunswick of New York, the Nova Scotia of New York, the Prince Edward Island of New York, the Newfoundland of New York, the British Columbia of New York, the Alberta of New York, the Saskatchewan of New York, the Manitoba of New York, the Ontario of New York, the Quebec of New York, the New Brunswick of New York, the Nova Scotia of New York, the Prince Edward Island of New York, the Newfoundland of New York, the British Columbia of New York, the Alberta of New York, the Saskatchewan of New York, the Manitoba of New York, the Ontario of New York, the Quebec of New York.

After the installation ceremonies were concluded the members visited the restaurant of Mrs. T. R. Gray, North Main street, where and excellent banquet was spread and the patriarchs spent an hour in discussing the business spread.

At a regular meeting of W. H. Sargent Post No. 20, Grand Army of the Republic held last evening at Post headquarters, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year by Post Commander S. C. Cobb:

Post Commander—J. B. Green.
Senior Vice Commander—E. G. Harlow.
Junior Vice Commander—J. H. Ryan.
Chaplain—B. H. Hink.
Quartermaster—R. M. Backlin.
Officer of the Day—L. H. Lee.
Officer of the Guard—F. H. Torrens.
Quartermaster Sergeant—C. L. Tollen.
RELINQUISHED.

First ward—M. Pratt.
Second ward—E. B. Heimstreet.
Third ward—A. J. Lee.
Fourth ward—W. W. White.
Fifth ward—J. G. Wray.

The post commander appointed B. D. Rockwood as adjutant, but that gentleman was not present to be installed.

At an adjourned meeting of Olive Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient Order United Workmen last evening the following officers were installed for the ensuing year, Deputy Grand Master C. F. Church being the installing officer:

Post Master Workman—W. G. Palmer.
Master Workman—E. Patch.
Foreman—Will T. Shurr.
Recorder—Wm. B. Bruus.
Receiver—C. E. Church.
Receiver—H. Buchholz.
Financier—E. J. Kent.
Guide—A. T. Kemmet.
Inside Watch—J. J. Kemmet.
Outside Watch—Fred Haupt.

The following resolutions were reported by a committee and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That as again entered our Lodge and removed a worthy brother, therefore be it

Resolved, That by the death of Brother Geo. D. F. Diehl we have lost one of our most faithful and trustworthy members.

Resolved, That the members of Olive Branch Lodge No. 36 A. O. U. W. extend to the bereaved family of their deceased brother, their most heartfelt and brotherly sympathy, and assure them assistance in time of need.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the lodge, that the same be furnished the papers for publication, and that a copy of the same be presented to the widow of the deceased.

A small leak will sink a great ship; and what at first appears to be a trifling cough is apt to culminate in consumption if not properly attended to in time. For consumption, which is epidemic of the lungs, and is cured by seven to ten miles, Dr. Pierce's "Wetland Discovery" has no equal. By druggists.

The Evansville "Cut Off."

We reprint to-day the remainder of the Gazette's article on the "Evansville cut off." The Gazette takes a very comprehensive view of the situation and argues it logically from that side of the hedge. While the new line might be a good thing for Janesville, we fear the reverse will be true of Evansville. Evansville has nothing to lose. That it will give anything towards the construction of the road, remains to be shown after a request has been made. Evansville has a pretty liberal population as may be proved by her tax roll year after year. In some directions we might be benefited, but to the mercantile interest, we hardly think so. That the line ought to be built is apparent to any one who will lay a rule on the map connecting Chicago with Evansville or any point beyond. The bend in the line as it now runs, is a bad one. It is a bad one, as we are told, besides several heavy grades, wholly avoided by the new line. It looks more like business than anything we have known Janesville doing for a long time and they are only attracted now from a want of increased business resources. Had not the road been allowed to run by the city in the first place it could just as well have been the second city in the state as to be what it is and on a side track comparatively.

"I have Athlophores in stock and have ordered it two or three times. Parties to whom it has been sold speak very highly of it. It is a remedy for Rheumatism, Wis., writes, recounting his experience in handling the remedy for rheumatism and neuralgia.

CRUISE DIRECTORY.

Giving the Time and Place Where Marine Services Will Be Held on Monday.

ALL SOULS CHURCH—Corner of Court and Wall streets, Rev. Joseph Walte, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12:30 p. m.

Subject of morning lecture by the pastor: "Revelation."

COURT STREET M. E. CHURCH—Corner of Main and Court streets, Rev. W. A. Evans, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12:30 p. m. Sunday evening at 7:30 p. m.

Special sermon by the pastor, to business men in the morning, followed by reception of members. Business men who make no profession of Christianity, especially invited. Sermon for men only at 8 o'clock p. m. by Rev. Thos. Harrison. Young people's meeting at 6 p. m. Sermon by Rev. Harrison and revival service at 7 p. m.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Center streets, Rev. Thomas Walker, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12:30 p. m. Sunday evening at 7:30 p. m.

Preaching to-morrow morning by the pastor. At the close of the service new members will be received into the church. No meeting in the evening.

LATITE CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets, Rev. H. G. Brown, L. D. Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday evening at 7:30 p. m. Preaching on Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. Preaching morning and evening by the pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Bodine streets, Rev. Allen J. Van Wazer, pastor. Church services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12:30 p. m. Preaching on Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. Preaching morning and evening by the pastor.

DISSENTING CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Wall streets, Rev. J. C. Conover, D. D. pastor. Services, Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., and 7:30 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon Sunday school after morning service, 12:30 p. m. Service on Holy days at 10 a. m. On the first Sunday of the month Holy Communion is celebrated at the 10:30 a. m. service.

CHRIST CHURCH—Services Sundays at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching morning and evening. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. Holy Communion on first Sunday in the month, at 10:30 a. m.; also upon holy days at 8 a. m. Sunday school at close of morning service. Pastor C. H. Fulton. Residence, corner of East and Second streets, at 520 A. St. and 1030 S. St.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH—Corner of Holmes and Cherry streets, Rev. E. M. McGinnis, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12:30 p. m. Preaching on Holy days at 10 a. m. On the first Sunday of the month Holy Communion is celebrated at the 10:30 a. m. service.

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Fifth ward—J. G. Wray.

The post commander appointed B. D. Rockwood as adjutant, but that gentleman was not present to be installed.

At an adjourned meeting of Olive Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient Order United Workmen last evening the following officers were installed for the ensuing year, Deputy Grand Master C. F. Church being the installing officer:

Post Master Workman—W. G. Palmer.
Master Workman—E. Patch.
Foreman—Will T. Shurr.
Recorder—Wm. B. Bruus.
Receiver—C. E. Church.
Receiver—H. Buchholz.
Financier—E. J. Kent.
Guide—A. T. Kemmet.
Inside Watch—J. J. Kemmet.
Outside Watch—Fred Haupt.

The following resolutions were reported by a committee and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That as again entered our Lodge and removed a worthy brother, therefore be it

Resolved, That by the death of Brother Geo. D. F. Diehl we have lost one of our most faithful and trustworthy members.

Resolved, That the members of Olive Branch Lodge No. 36 A. O. U. W. extend to the bereaved family of their deceased brother, their most heartfelt and brotherly sympathy, and assure them assistance in time of need.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the lodge, that the same be furnished the papers for publication, and that a copy of the same be presented to the widow of the deceased.

A small leak will sink a great ship; and what at first appears to be a trifling cough is apt to culminate in consumption if not properly attended to in time. For consumption, which is epidemic of the lungs, and is cured by seven to ten miles, Dr. Pierce's "Wetland Discovery" has no equal. By druggists.

The Evansville "Cut Off."

We reprint to-day the remainder of the Gazette's article on the "Evansville cut off." The Gazette takes a very comprehensive view of the situation and argues it logically from that side of the hedge. While the new line might be a good thing for Janesville, we fear the reverse will be true of Evansville. Evansville has nothing to